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Last updated: 21/12/2023

Waikato District Council Keeping of Animals Bylaw 2024

Waikato District Council, in exercise of its powers under the Local Government Act 2002 and Health Act 1956 and its respective amendments, and all other relevant powers, hereby makes the following bylaw.

# Part one: Introduction

* 1. **Short title, commencement and application**
	2. This Bylaw shall be known as the “Waikato District Council Keeping of Animals Bylaw 2024”
	3. The Bylaw shall apply to the Waikato District
	4. The Bylaw shall come into force on [*to be inserted*].
	5. This bylaw should be read in conjunction with other legislation that applies to the management and regulation of animals in the Waikato District, including:
* Animal welfare in the Animal Products Act 1999, Animal Welfare Act 1999 and Impounding Act 1955.
* Environmental concerns in the Biosecurity Act 1993, Reserves Act 1977, Resource Management Act 1991 and Waikato Regional Pest Management Plan 2022-2032.
* Public health and safety in the Health Act 1956.
* The use of land for farming, intensive farming, free range or poultry farming in the Waikato District Plan.
* The ownership, control and welfare of dogs in the Dog Control Act 1996, Dog Control Bylaw 2022 and Dog Control Policy 2022.
* How and where livestock can be moved within or across roads, in the Waikato District Livestock Movement Bylaw 2022.

# Revocation

The “Waikato District Council Keeping of Animals Bylaw 2015” (adopted on 17 May 2021) are hereby revoked from the date this bylaw comes into force.

# Definitions

For the purposes of this Bylaw, the following definitions shall apply:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Animal | any member of the animal kingdom, including any mammal, bird, finfish, shellfish, reptile, amphibian, insect, or invertebrate, and includes the carcass or constituent parts thereof, but does not include human beings or dogs. |
|  |  |
| Authorised officer | any person for the time being appointed or authorised by the Council to carry out general or specific duties arising from any of the provisions of this Bylaw, unless stated otherwise. |
| Beehive and hive | any receptacle housing a honeybee colony for the purposes of honey production and includes one receptacle per colony used solely for the purposes of queen breeding, hive maintenance and swarm prevention purposes.  |
| Bee keeping | the keeping of beehives, and includes the removal of honey and bee products from the hive, but not the further processing of such products. |
| Council | the Waikato District Council. |
| Livestock | means cattle/cows/bulls, deer, llamas, alpacas, donkeys, mules, horses (and ponies of 148cm or less in height), sheep, goats, pigs, and any other animal kept in captivity or farmed, and dependent on humans for their care and sustenance. “Stock” shall have the same meaning as “Livestock”. |
| Nuisance | any reasonable interference with the peace, comfort or convenience of another person including by way of excessive noise or offensive odours, and includes the nuisances defined in section 29 of the Health Act 1956 and includes the following:1. where any accumulation or deposit of any waste or other similar material is in such a state or so situated as to be offensive; and
2. where any buildings used for the keeping of animals are so constructed, situated, used, or kept, or are in such a condition as to be offensive; and
3. where any noise emitted by an animal unreasonably interferes with the peace, comfort or convenience of any person.
 |
| Pets | a domestic animal kept primarily as a companion. |
| Pigsty | means a covered enclosure used for the housing of pigs. |
| Poultry | any live bird that is kept or raised for the purpose of breeding, producing eggs or meat for human consumption, and includes ducks, roosters, and chickens, geese, pigeons, turkeys, pheasants, game birds including quail and peacocks. |
| Premises | any land, dwelling, storehouse, warehouse, shop, cellar, yard, building, or part of the same, or enclosed space separately occupied, and all land, buildings, and places adjoining each other and occupied together shall be deemed to be the same premises. |
| Property  | A property or allotment which is held under separate certificate of title and a separate rating unit and showing on the Rating Information Database. |
| Public place | any place that, at any material time, is under the control of the Council and is open to or being used by the public, and includes any road, whether or not it is under the control of the Council. It also includes every reserve, park, domain, beach, foreshore, and recreational grounds under the control of the Council, excluding the Hamilton Zoo. |
| Rural area | As defined in Schedule 1. |
| Threat | an action that is likely to occur that will cause damage or danger. |
| Urban area | As defined in Schedule 1.  |

# Exceptions

* 1. This Bylaw does not apply to the Hamilton Zoo.
	2. This Bylaw does not apply to the Tuakau Saleyards.

# Keeping of animals

* 1. No person shall keep, permit or suffer to be kept any bees or other animal (including livestock and poultry) which is or is likely to be a nuisance or a threat to public health or safety.
	2. No person shall keep any noisy animal (including bird or poultry) which causes or is likely to cause a nuisance to any other person.
	3. No person shall allow any animal (including livestock and poultry) in a public place in a manner which is or is likely to be a nuisance or a threat to public health or safety.
	4. In addition to this Bylaw, any person keeping animals (including livestock and poultry) shall comply with any other relevant statutory requirements.
	5. No person shall slaughter an animal or dismember, handle, process, or dispose of the carcass or remains of an animal, on any premises which causes or is likely to cause a nuisance or threat to public health or safety.
	6. Any person keeping an animal shall ensure the animal is confined to the boundaries of the premises where the animal is kept. This clause does not apply to cats.
	7. Clauses 5.1 to 5.6 apply regardless of whether a person has complied with other clauses of this bylaw.

# Keeping of pigs – special requirements

* 1. No person shall keep any pigs in an urban area.
	2. No person shall keep any pigs in a manner which creates or is likely to create a nuisance, or which is, or is likely to be injurious to the health of any person.
	3. No pigsty or pig run shall be erected closer than 20 metres (m) from any dwelling, factory or other building, whether wholly or partially occupied, or within 30m of the boundary of any adjoining premises.

# Keeping of poultry – special requirements

* 1. No person shall keep more than six head of poultry, pet or otherwise, on premises less than 550m2 in an urban area.
	2. No person may keep more than 12 head of poultry, pet or otherwise, in an urban area on premises greater than 550m2.
	3. No person shall keep a rooster on any property which is within an urban area.
	4. No poultry shall be kept in an urban area unless they are provided with enclosed housing (whether mobile or immobile) that is:
		1. rainproof; and
		2. in the case of a permanent structure, provided with a floor of concrete or other appropriate material raised 150 millimetres above ground level to which a poultry run may be attached; and
		3. adequately graded and drained.

*Advisory note: All housing, structures or buildings must comply with all requirements under the Waikato District Plan and Building Act 2004.*

* 1. No poultry house (whether mobile or immobile), or poultry run, shall be located:
		1. within 3m of the boundary of any adjoining premises.
	2. Every poultry house and poultry run shall be maintained in good repair and in a clean condition, free from any offensive smell or overflow, and free from vermin.
	3. Where an authorised officer considers the keeping of poultry has become, or is likely to become, a nuisance or potential danger to any person, they may serve a notice requiring the owner or occupier of the premises to:
		1. relocate the poultry to another area on the premises; and/or
		2. reduce the maximum number of poultry allowed on the premises; and/or
		3. remove some or all of the existing poultry from the premises; and/or
		4. do any other thing that, in the opinion of the officer, may reduce the nuisance or potential danger.
	4. Any person, owner or occupier of a premises who receives a notice under clause 7.7 must comply with the notice within fourteen days or as it is considered reasonable by an authorised officer.

# Bee keeping – special requirements

* 1. No person shall keep bees if in the opinion of an authorised officer, the keeping of bees is, or is likely to become, a nuisance or potential danger to any person.
	2. Provided that the keeping of bees complies with all other requirements (with the exception of 8.5) contained in this bylaw, there is no maximum number of hives for properties which are zoned rural or general rural zone under the Waikato District Plan.
	3. A person may keep bees provided they comply with the following conditions:
		1. In properties which are within an urban area:
			1. where there is no solid fence of 1.8m or taller on any adjoining property boundary, hives must be placed at a minimum distance of 5m to that boundary; or
			2. where there is a solid fence of 1.8m or taller on any property boundary, the hives are placed no closer than 3m from that boundary;
		2. In properties which are within a lifestyle area, hives are placed no closer than 12m to any adjoining boundary to a residential dwelling;
			1. In properties which are within a rural area under the Waikato District Plan, hives are placed no closer than 25m metres to any adjoining boundary to a residential dwelling; and
	4. A person may keep bees only in a minimum property area of 500m2 or greater.
	5. Except by prior written approval, the number of hives in all zone (excluding the General Rural Zone or Rural Zone as defined in Proposed and Operative Waikato District Plan) does not exceed that which is allowed for the area of the premises as indicated in the following table:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Property Area | Number of hives |
| 500-2000 square metres | 2 |
| 2001-4000 square metres | 4 |
| 4001 square metres + | 6 |

* 1. Where an authorised officer considers an existing hive, or hives, has become or is likely to become a nuisance or potential danger to any person, they may serve a notice requiring the owner or occupier of the premises to:
		1. relocate the hives to another area on the premises; or
		2. develop a flight management plan to ensure that the bees’ flightpath is diverted from, or made to go, a minimum of 1.8m high over an adjacent premise, footpath or road; or
		3. reduce the maximum number of hives allowed on the premises; or
		4. remove some or all of the existing hives from the premises; or
		5. do any other thing that, in the opinion of the authorised officer, may reduce the nuisance or potential danger.
	2. Any beekeeper, owner or occupier of a premises who receives a notice under clause 8.5 must, without delay, comply with the notice.

*Advisory note: If you keep bees in New Zealand, it is a legal requirement that you register your hive/s under the Biosecurity (National American Foulbrood Pest Management Plan) Act 1993.*

# Horses – special requirements

* 1. A person shall not keep any horse on premises smaller than 1200m2 in an urban area, except where the horses are kept:
		1. by a registered breeder or trainer; or
		2. in a stable or other building premises constructed specifically for the keeping of horses.
	2. Where any horse defecates on any public place, including, but not limited to, footpaths, roads or reserves in such a way that it may cause a nuisance to other users, the person who has custody of that horse shall remove and dispose of such defecations immediately and in a way that does not cause a nuisance or offence.

# Encouraging nuisances by feral or stray animals (including cats)

* 1. No person shall provide sustenance, harbourage or comfort to an animal that reasonably appears to be a feral or stray animal so as to cause the animal to become a nuisance to other persons.
	2. Where an animal that is causing a nuisance reasonably appears to be a feral or stray animal, the owner or occupier of the property from which such animals emanate must take all reasonable steps to abate the nuisance caused by the animal(s). Abatement may include, but is not limited to:
		1. claiming the animal(s) as a domestic owned pet and keeping it in such a state as to abate any nuisance; or
		2. permanently removing (including disposal of) the animal so it no longer causes a nuisance to others; or
		3. agreeing with the Council that the Council will remove the animal and the occupier will pay the Council’s reasonable costs.

*Advisory note: Animal rescue activities in the community are not prohibited unless they are conducted in such a way as to encourage stray or feral animals to cause nuisance. Where possible, Council will work proactively with the SPCA and other animal rescue organisations, to ensure animal welfare requirements are met and all practicable options are explored when dealing with feral and stray animals.*

# Service of notices

* 1. Any notice, order or other document which this Bylaw requires to be served or given to any person, shall be deemed to have been duly served or given if it is left at their residence or work place, or posted to their last known residential address.

# Offences and penalties

* 1. Any person who fails to comply with the requirements of this Bylaw commits an offence and may be liable to a penalty under the Local Government Act 2002 or the Health Act 1956, as the case may be.

This Bylaw was made, pursuant to a resolution passed by the Waikato District Council on [to be inserted].

THE COMMON SEAL of WAIKATO

DISTRICT COUNCIL was hereto affixed in the presence of:

Mayor

Chief Executive

This Bylaw was reviewed on [to be inserted].

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Activity** | **Key Date** | **Council Resolution** |
| Bylaw made |  |  |
| Bylaw reviewed |  |  |
| Next review due date |  |  |

**Schedule 1**

**Option 1: Property area size**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Area** | **Definition** |
| Urban Area | Properties with a land area of up to and including 2,500 square metres. |
| Lifestyle Area | Properties with a land area between greater than 2,500 square metres, and up to and including 15,000 square metres.  |
| Rural Area | Properties with a land area of larger than 15,000 square metres.  |

**Option 2: Combination of property size and zones**

*Advisory note:*

*As of November 2023, the majority of zones within the ‘Proposed District Plan’ are in effect and are applicable throughout the entire district. To identify if zones are within a rural area or urban area, please refer to Table 1.*

*If you have filed an appeal regarding the zoning of your property with the Environment Court which is unresolved, please refer to Table 2, which contains zones from the Operative Waikato District Plan.*

*Table 1: Proposed Waikato District Plan*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Area** | **Definition** |
| Urban Area | 1. Properties designated under the following zones as outlined in the Proposed District Plan; and
	1. General residential zone
	2. Medium density residential zone
	3. Medium density residential zone
	4. Local centre zone
	5. Commercial zone
	6. Town centre zone
	7. General industrial zone
	8. Heavy industrial zone
	9. Business Tamahere zone
	10. Matangi zone
	11. Rangitahi peninsula zone

 1. In addition to the listed zones, properties with a land area of up to and including 2,500 square meters, irrespective of the designated zone.
 |
| Lifestyle Area | Properties larger than 2,500 square meters and designated under the following zones from the Proposed District Plan:1. Rural lifestyle zone
2. Large lot residential zone
3. Settlement zone
4. KLZ Kimihia Lakes zone
5. TaTa Valley zone
 |
| Rural Area | Properties larger than 2,500 square meters and designated under the following zones from the Proposed District Plan:1. General rural zone
2. Future urban zone
3. Hopuhopu zone

Advisory Note: Irrespective of zoning of the property, if a property area is 2,500 square metres or less, the property is considered an Urban Area. |
| Not specified  | The following zones are not considered to be located within a Rural, Urban or Lifestyle Area. 1. Open space zone
2. Correction zone
3. Mercer airport zone
4. Te Kowhai Airpark zone
5. Motorsport and recreation zone
6. KLZ Kimihia Lakes zone
 |

*Table 2: Waikato and Franklin District Operative Plan*

| **Area** | **Definition** |
| --- | --- |
| Urban Area | 1. Properties designated under the following zones as outlined in the Waikato and Franklin Operative District Plan; and
	1. Industrial zone
	2. Urban zone
	3. Residential zone
	4. Residential 2 zone
	5. Medium density 2 zone
	6. Business zone
	7. Industrial 2 zone
	8. Light industrial zone
	9. Neighbour centres

 1. In addition to the listed zones, properties with a land area of up to and including 2,500 square meters, irrespective of the designated zone.
 |
| Lifestyle Area | Properties larger than 2,500 square meters and designated under the following zones from the Proposed District Plan:* 1. Country Living Zone
	2. Village zone
	3. Rural-residential zone
 |
| Rural Area | Properties larger than 2,500 square meters and designated under the following zones from the Proposed District Plan:1. Living zone
2. Pa zone
3. Business zone
4. Rural zone
5. Coastal zone
6. Wetland conservation zone
7. Forest conservation zone
8. Aggregate Extraction and Processing Zone
9. Queen's Redoubt Heritage Zone
 |
| Not specified as rural or urban | The following zones are not considered rural or urban. 1. Recreation zone
2. Maioro Mining Zone
3. Timber Processing Zone
4. Tuakau Industrial Services Zone
 |

**Option 3: District Plan zone only**

*Advisory note:*

*As of November 2023, the majority of zones within the ‘Proposed District Plan’ are in effect and are applicable throughout the entire district. To identify if zones are within a rural area or urban area, please refer to Table 1.*

*If you have filed an appeal regarding the zoning of your property with the Environment Court which is unresolved, please refer to Table 2, which contains zones from the Operative Waikato District Plan.*

*Table 1: Proposed Waikato District Plan*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Area** | **Definition** |
| Urban Area | Properties designated under the following zones as outlined in the Proposed District Plan; and* 1. General residential zone
	2. Medium density residential zone
	3. Medium density residential zone
	4. Local centre zone
	5. Commercial zone
	6. Town centre zone
	7. General industrial zone
	8. Heavy industrial zone
	9. Business Tamahere zone
	10. Matangi zone
	11. Rangitahi peninsula zone

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| Lifestyle Area | Properties designated under the following zones from the Proposed District Plan:1. Rural lifestyle zone
2. Large lot residential zone
3. Settlement zone
4. KLZ Kimihia Lakes zone
5. TaTa Valley zone
 |
| Rural Area | Properties designated under the following zones from the Proposed District Plan:1. General rural zone
2. Future urban zone
3. Hopuhopu zone
 |
| Not specified  | The following zones are not considered to be located within a Rural, Urban or Lifestyle Area. 1. Open space zone
2. Correction zone
3. Mercer airport zone
4. Te Kowhai Airpark zone
5. Motorsport and recreation zone
6. KLZ Kimihia Lakes zone
 |

*Table 2: Waikato and Franklin District Operative Plan*

| **Area** | **Definition** |
| --- | --- |
| Urban Area | Properties designated under the following zones as outlined in the Waikato and Franklin Operative District Plan:1. Industrial zone
2. Urban zone
3. Residential zone
4. Residential 2 zone
5. Medium density 2 zone
6. Business zone
7. Industrial 2 zone
8. Light industrial zone
9. Neighbour centres

  |
| Lifestyle Area | Properties designated under the following zones from the Proposed District Plan:1. Country Living Zone
2. Village zone
3. Rural-residential zone
 |
| Rural Area | Properties designated under the following zones from the Proposed District Plan:1. Living zone
2. Pa zone
3. Business zone
4. Rural zone
5. Coastal zone
6. Wetland conservation zone
7. Forest conservation zone
8. Aggregate Extraction and Processing Zone
9. Queen's Redoubt Heritage Zone
 |
| Not specified as rural or urban | The following zones are not considered rural or urban. 1. Recreation zone
2. Maioro Mining Zone
3. Timber Processing Zone
4. Tuakau Industrial Services Zone
 |